

# Edward Carlisle of Williamsburg, Virginia

## Early Life

### Home and School

Edward Carlisle was born in Williamsburg, Virginia, on the third of February 1725, the son of Joshua and Constance Carlisle and the younger brother to Charles Carlisle. He was raised at his family plantation in Jamestown. In September 1738, at the age of thirteen, he was sent to the William & Mary Grammar School in Williamsburg.

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### Midshipman and Master's Mate

In July 1739, at the age of fourteen, Edward went to sea as a captain's servant in the brig-sloop *Wolf* at the start of the War of Jenkin's Ear. He advanced through midshipman to master's mate in the sloop. In 1739 and 1740 *Wolf* was employed in enforcing the navigation acts in Virginia and Georgia. In 1741 *Wolf* escorted troops to the Caribbean and served in Admiral Vernon's force at Cartagena and Guantanamo Bay. In January 1743 *Wolf* was wrecked on the Caicos Bank from where Carlisle made his way to Portsmouth via Jamaica and Antigua. In December 1743, Carlisle was appointed to *Neptune* as master's mate and in February 1744 he took part in the battle of Toulon, *Neptune* flying the flag of Vice Admiral Lestock.

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### Lieutenant

In March 1745 at age twenty, Carlisle was promoted to lieutenant and appointed to the third-rate *Monmouth* as fourth lieutenant, rising to third lieutenant. In October 1747 he took part in the second battle of Cape Finisterre. In December 1748, at the end of the War of Austrian Succession, *Monmouth* was paid off. Carlisle, being unemployed, took passage for Virginia where he stayed for a year. In January 1750 Carlisle was appointed to *Monarch* as first lieutenant. The year was spent on guardship duties in Portsmouth, then in 1751 *Monarch* took troops to Minorca, returning to Portsmouth for further guardship duties. Carlisle was relieved in September 1752 and took passage for Virginia where he stayed until May 1753.

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### Commander

In July 1753, at the age of twenty-eight, Carlisle was promoted to commander and given command of the fourteen-gun brig-sloop *Drake*. He was employed in the North Sea fishery Protection and made two voyages to Senegal and one to Minorca and the Eastern Mediterranean. Carlisle was relieved from command of *Drake* on promotion in September 1755.

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## The Books

### The Colonial Post Captain

In September 1755, at the age of thirty, Carlisle was promoted to post captain and took command of the sixth-rate frigate *Fury*, stationed at Minorca as part of the peacetime Mediterranean Squadron.

In May 1756 he was with Byng's squadron at the Battle of Minorca and in June 1756 *Fury* captured the French frigate *Vulcain*. In August 1756 *Fury* sailed for Portsmouth.

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### The Leeward Islands Squadron

In September 1756, Carlisle took command of the new sixth-rate frigate *Medina*. In October he sailed for the Leeward Islands Squadron and in December he took part in the attack on Port Louis in Grenada. In February 1757 *Medina* captured the French frigate *L'Arques*.

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### The Jamaica Station

In April 1757, Carlisle married Chiara Angelini in Antigua and within a week sailed for Jamaica. In June 1757 *Medina* survived a hurricane off San Domingue and in July 1757 *Medina* conveyed the Spanish governor of Florida to St. Augustine. In August 1757 Carlisle was wounded in action with two Dutch pirates and was convalescent at Kingston, Jamaica until November 1757, missing *Medina's* involvement in the battle of Cape François and the destruction of the French frigate *Outarde*.

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### The Cursed Fortress

In February 1758 *Medina* sailed for Halifax, stopping at Savannah, Hampton Road and Boston. From March to August 1758 *Medina* blockaded Louisbourg, arriving in advance of Rear Admiral Hardy's squadron. In June 1758 *Medina* covered the landings at Gabarus Bay. In July 1758 Carlisle commanded the cutting out expedition against the French third rates *Prudent* and *Bienfaisant*. In September 1758 *Medina* captured the French frigate *Yvette*. On 3<sup>rd</sup> September, Carlisle returned to Williamsburg a few hours after his son was born.

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### Rocks and Shoals

In October 1758 *Medina* escorted a convoy to the West Indies and another back to Hampton Roads, during which he saved Holbrooke, a passenger in the post-office packet *Lord Halifax*, from being captured by a privateer. Carlisle spent Christmas in Williamsburg before sailing in January 1759 for Halifax and the expedition against Quebec. *Medina*, with James Cook embarked, surveyed the Saint Lawrence ahead of Saunders' fleet. Carlisle commanded the two Whitby cats that supported Wolfe's attempt against the Beauport Lines, then *Medina* was wrecked under Point Aux Peres. Carlisle was seconded to General Wolfe's staff and witnessed the battle of The Plains of Abraham. In September 1759 he was given command of the fifty-gun fourth-rate Dartmouth. He stopped at Hampton and visited Williamsburg then crossed the Atlantic for Portsmouth. However, he fell in with the Channel Fleet and was with Hawke at Quiberon Bay where he captured a French fifty-gun ship that was armed *en flute*. He arrived in Portsmouth in November 1759.

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